GA: <u>J</u> Loves Me, Deep & Wide, Zacchaeus, <u>J</u> Loves the Little Children. **SI**: For which of those children did <u>J</u> die?

SUM: Speak of the death of X = Atonement—What was \underline{J} doing on the Cross when \underline{He} died for our sins? The Cross = centerpiece of Xianity.

- 1) The *intent* of the **Atonement**.
- 2) The *extent* of the **Atonement**.
- 3) The *application* of the **Atonement**.

What was Θ 's <u>intent</u> in providing **Atonement** for our sins by \underline{J} ? What was X's saving *purpose* in making atonement for our sin? **2 Cor 5:19** Θ was in X, reconciling the world to Himself.

- 1) O's *intent* was crystal clear. 1 Tim 2:4 who desires Present everyone all men to be saved & to come erchomai personal decision of one's will to the epignosis knowledge of the truth.
- Θ <u>intended</u> to provide a sacrifice for our sins the sacrificial substitutionary death of \underline{J} on the Cross for the sins of all, thereby satisfying the demands of the law & appeasing Θ 's wrath against sin/sinners thru the objective death of a perfect sacrifice.
- 2) The *extent* of the **Atonement**.

ORT/NEED: For whose sins was X punished—for whom did \underline{J} die? 1) \underline{X} died for the sins of all humanity, or 2) \underline{X} died for the sins of the elect only. **Jn 1:29** The next day John saw \underline{J} coming toward him & said, "Behold, the Lamb of Θ , who takes away the sin of the world!

- Is the atonement limited or unlimited wade off in the deep.
- Limited Atonement is a doctrine in search of a text.

CIT: The atoning blood of \underline{J} extends from eternity to time affecting all. **CIS/PNP**: \underline{J} is the twofold answer for our sin.

CXT: 1:6 If we say, "We have fellowship w/Him," & yet we walk in darkness, we are lying & are not practicing the truth. 7 If we walk in the light as He Himself is in the light, we have fellowship w/one another, & the blood of J His Son cleanses us from all sin. 8 If we say, "We have no sin," we are deceiving ourselves, & the truth is not in us. 9 If we confess our sins, He is faithful & righteous to forgive us our sins & to cleanse us from all unrighteousness. 10 If we say, "We have not sinned," we make Him a liar, & His word is not in us.

• How is <u>J</u> the twofold answer for our sin!

J is our *Paraclete* when we sin.

1 My little children, I am writing you these things so that you may not sin. But if anyone does sin, we have an advocate with the $\underline{\mathbf{Father}}$ — $\underline{\mathbf{J}}X$ the righteous one.

- These things -1:5-10 (some misunderstand).
- 1) If sin is a reality & it is impossible to live a sinless life, why bother? If I sin, **big deal**. Θ will forgive me.
- 2) As a Xian, I have liberty & am no longer under the Law, so I can do what I want to do. If I sin, Θ will forgive me.
- 3) Don't regard sin as inevitable, so you won't presume on *X*ian liberty by thinking sin is no big deal. *X*ians are saved *from* sin, not *to* sin!
- Sin is a reality! *If*! *Anyone*. *Sin*. Not relationship—fellowship.
- Why is it that we can have our sins forgiven?
 - Paraclete/Advocate called alongside in time of need. Jn 14-16
 <u>Helper. HS</u> speaks to you on behalf of Θ & <u>J</u> speaks to Θ on behalf of you. Courtroom 4 people Perry Mason! 9-271
- Why is it that <u>J</u> can function as Advocate & forgive our sins?

J is our Propitiation when we sin.

2a He Himself emphatic is present tense the atoning sacrifice for our sins,

- Advocate because ... Propitiation (*hilasmos*)? 4x NT <u>noun</u>.
- Is not a continuing sacrifice—means to attain forgiveness.

Ro 3:25 whom Θ displayed publicly as a <u>propitiation</u> in His blood—to be received by faith.

• Wrath, justice, holiness, & love – 4 characteristics of Θ . How can Θ forgive sin?

Ro 3:23 For all have sinned & fall short of the glory of Θ . <u>Holiness</u>.

Ro 1:18 For Θ 's <u>wrath</u> is revealed from heaven against all godlessness & unrighteousness of people who by their unrighteousness suppress the truth.

Ro 6:23 For the wages of sin is death. <u>Justice</u>.

1 In 4:10 In this is <u>love</u>, not that we <u>loved</u> Θ , but that He <u>loved</u> us & sent His Son to be the <u>propitiation</u> for our sins.

- Sin has been <u>expiated</u> (the penalty has been removed) & Θ's wrath is <u>propitiated</u> (turned away). O, the bliss of the glorious ...
- For whose sins did *X* die? *Extent* limited or unlimited?

2b and not only for ours, but also for those of the whole world.

- 1) Jewish believers & Gentiles.
- 2) All kinds of people the adjective *whole* modifying *world*.
- 3) The world of the elect—never used by John or anywhere else. 58x John, 17x 1 John, 1x 2 John, 7x Revelation.

1 Jn 3:13 Do not be surprised, brothers & sisters, if the world hates you.

• All humanity is savable, but not all humanity will not be saved! 1 Jn 4:14 & we have seen & we testify that the Father has sent His Son as the world's Savior.

Is the offer of salvation thru the preaching of the gospel genuine? **SFC** 2 Cor 5:20 Therefore, we are ambassadors for X, since Θ is making His appeal thru us. We plead on X's behalf, "Be reconciled to Θ ." Is our offer of the gospel a genuine offer to those whom we witness?

CIS: \underline{J} is the twofold answer for our sin— $\underline{J}X$ the righteous one.

CEP: Guilty, vile, & helpless we—Spotless Lamb of Θ was He. "Full atonement!" can it be? —Hallelujah! What a Savior!

Understand what \underline{J} has done for you? \underline{F} ather for give them for ...

16 For Θ <u>so loved</u> the world, that He gave His only begotten Son, that <u>whosoever</u> believes in Him should not perish, but have everlasting life.

G: Let me look you in the eye 1) You & I have a <u>problem</u> – SIN, 2) You & I have $a + - \Theta$ loves sinners, 3) \underline{J} died for you!

But what about the **ELECT?** The **whosoever wills!**

Acts 2:21 <u>whosoever will</u> call on the name of the Lord <u>will</u> be saved. Ro 10:13 <u>whosoever will</u> call upon the name of the Lord <u>will</u> be saved.